

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2003-806

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Putnam  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:41-21-28.0800 lon:73-39-51.8400  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 20 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: West Branch Croton River  
Name of watershed: HUDSON RIVER - YONKERS TO POUGHKEEPSIE

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date:  
Site visit(s)  Date(s): September 16, 2003

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The West Branch Croton River is flows to the Croton River, which flows to the Hudson River, which is navigable.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- [X] Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:                    [ ] High Tide Line indicated by:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| [X] clear, natural line impressed on the bank | [ ] oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| [X] the presence of litter and debris         | [ ] fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| [X] changes in the character of soil          | [ ] physical markings/characteristics         |
| [X] destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | [ ] tidal gages                               |
| [X] shelving                                  | [ ] other:                                    |
| [ ] other:                                    |   |

- [ ] Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 [ ] survey to available datum; [ ] physical markings; [ ] vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- [ ] Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- [ ] The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 [ ] Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 [ ] Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 [ ] The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
- [ ] Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
  - [ ] Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
  - [ ] Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
  - [ ] Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
  - [ ] Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
  - [ ] Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
  - [ ] Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
  - [ ] Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
  - [ ] Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- [X] Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 [ ] Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
     [ ] This office concurs with the delineation report, dated           , prepared by (company):  
     [ ] This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated           , prepared by (company):  
 [ ] Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 [ ] Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 [ ] U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 [X] U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Croton Falls, NY  
 [ ] U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 [ ] U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 [X] USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Putnam and Westchester Counties, NY  
 [X] National wetlands inventory maps: Croton Falls, NY  
 [ ] State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 [ ] FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 [ ] 100-year Floodplain Elevation is:           (NGVD).  
 [ ] Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 [X] Other photographs (Date):  
 [ ] Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 [X] Site visit/determination conducted on: September 16, 2003  
 [ ] Applicable/supporting ease law:  
 [ ] Other information (please specify):

<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2005-255 - *eriff*

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Suffolk  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 40.725 lon: -72.667  
Approximate size of area (pareel) reviewed, including uplands: 26 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Atlantic Ocean  
Name of watershed: Atlantic Ocean

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: March 27, 2006  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:*

The Atlantic Ocean is a navigable waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |   |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2005-598-WSH

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Albany  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 42.753 lon:-73.802  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.16 acres  
Name of nearest waterway: unnamed tributary  
Name of watershed: Mohawk River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination [X] Date: 13 Feb 07  
Site visit(s) [X] Date(s): 12 Oct 05

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The project site is located within wetlands associated with an unnamed tributary to a navigable waterway named the Mohawk River.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or seum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:  
 Rist-Frost Associates, P.C.

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are **not** Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated December 21, 2005, prepared by (company):  
 North Country Ecological Associates, Inc.  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):

Other photographs (Date): 7 Apr 07

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on: 12 Oct 05

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** 2005-01311

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Orange  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:41-27-38.0160 lon:74-32-9.9960  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 18.48 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Unnamed Tributary to Shawngunk Kill  
Name of watershed: HUDSON RIVER - YONKERS TO POUGHKEEPSIE

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date:  
Site visit(s)  Date(s): April 19, 2006

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or  *there appear to be no*) "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

*There are "waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands flow directly into intermittent tributary to Shawangunk Kill, which flows to the Wallkill River, which flows to Rondout Creek, which is navigable.*

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- [X] Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:                    [ ] High Tide Line indicated by:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| [X] clear, natural line impressed on the bank | [ ] oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| [X] the presence of litter and debris         | [ ] fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| [X] changes in the character of soil          | [ ] physical markings/characteristics         |
| [X] destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | [ ] tidal gages                               |
| [ ] shelving                                  | [ ] other:                                    |
| [ ] other:                                    |   |

- [ ] Mean High Water Mark indicated by:
- [ ] survey to available datum; [ ] physical markings; [ ] vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- [X] Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- [ ] The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
- [ ] Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
- [ ] Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
- [ ] The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
- [ ] Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
- [ ] Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
- [ ] Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
- [ ] Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
- [ ] Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
- [ ] Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
- [ ] Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
- [ ] Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
- [ ] Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- [X] Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- [X] Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- [ ] This office concurs with the delineation report, dated           , prepared by (company):
- [ ] This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated           , prepared by (company):
- [ ] Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
- [ ] Corps' navigable waters' studies:
- [ ] U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
- [X] U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Otisville, NY
- [ ] U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
- [ ] U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
- [X] USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Orange County, NY
- [X] National wetlands inventory maps: Otisville, NY
- [X] State/Local wetland inventory maps: Otisville, NY
- [ ] FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
- [ ] 100-year Floodplain Elevation is:            (NGVD)
- [X] Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
- [X] Other photographs (Date):
- [ ] Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
- [X] Site visit/determination conducted on: April 19, 2006
- [ ] Applicable/supporting case law:
- [ ] Other information (please specify):

<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2006-110-ERA

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Bronx  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 40.8017 lon: -73.8740  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1.24 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: East and Bronx Rivers  
Name of watershed: Long Island Sound

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: October 6, 2006  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 1.24 acres

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The East and Bronx Rivers are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide, and are tributaries to the Long Island Sound. All subject waterways are considered to be navigable.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |   |

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

- survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
- Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
- Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
- The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
  - Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
  - Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
  - Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
  - Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
  - Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
  - Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
  - Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
  - Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
  - Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
  - This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
  - This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
- Corps' navigable waters' studies:
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
- U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:
- U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
- U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
- National wetlands inventory maps:
- State/Local wetland inventory maps:
- FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
- 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
- Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
- Other photographs (Date):
- Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Revised 8/13/04

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)
FILE NUMBER: NAN-2006-152-WSH

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: New York
County: Saratoga
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 42-56-34.2 lon: 73-52-3.9
Approximate size of area (pareel) reviewed, including uplands: 39.9 acres.
Name of nearest waterway: Unnamed Trib. To Ballston Lake
Name of watershed: Hudson River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination [ ] Date:
Site visit(s) [X] Date(s): 5-2-06

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

- [X] Preliminary JD - Based on available information, [X] there appear to be (or) [ ] there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site.
[ ] Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
Check all that apply:
[ ] There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area.
[ ] There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area.
[ ] There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.
[ ] Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

[ ] The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- [ ] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
[ ] (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.
[ ] (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
[ ] (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
[ ] (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
[ ] (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
[ ] (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
[X] (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.
[ ] (6) The presence of territorial seas.
[X] (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The water within the wetlands and the unnamed tributary, flow into Ballston Lake which flows into Ballston Creek, then into Round Lake which drains into the Anthony Kill, which flows into the Hudson River which is currently navigable.

Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)

[X] Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: [ ] High Tide Line indicated by:

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation                | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

- survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Copeland Environmental

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.

Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).

Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).

The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:

Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.

Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.

Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.

Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.

Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).

Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.

Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:

Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:

Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.

Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.

This office concurs with the delineation report, dated, prepared by:

This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated January 2006, prepared by: Copland Environmental

Data sheets prepared by the Corps.

Corps' navigable waters' studies:

U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:

U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Troy North Quad

U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:

U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Saratoga County

National wetlands inventory maps: Troy North Quad

State/Local wetland inventory maps: Troy North Quad

FEMA/FIRM maps:

100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)

Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):

Other photographs (Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit conducted on: 5-2-06

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Revised 8/13/04

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)
FILE NUMBER: NAN-2006-513

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: New York
County: Suffolk
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat 40-52-18 lon 73-26-18
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1.5 acres.
Name of nearest waterway: Sleepy Hollow Creek
Name of watershed: Northport Harbor

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination [X] Date:2/5/07
Site visit(s) [] Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

[X] Preliminary JD - Based on available information, [X] there appear to be (or) [] there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

[] Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
Check all that apply:

[] There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

[] There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

[] There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

[] Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

[] The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

[] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

[] (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

[] (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

[] (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

[] (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

[] (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

[] (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

[X] (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

[] (6) The presence of territorial seas.

[] (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* Sleepy Hollow Creek is waters of the United States

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation                | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2006-3051-ESP

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Bronx  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:40-50-28. lon:73-52-25  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 50 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Bronx River  
Name of watershed: Bronx River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: 2/12/2007  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.025 acres

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The Bronx River is directly tributary to the East River which is tidal and navigable.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:                     | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank                  | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                          | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                           | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation                      | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: <u>Applicant's photos &amp; drawings</u> |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps: 11/17/2005  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Bronx River (West Farms) Park NYSDEC Tidal Wetlands Map, 11/17/2005  
 Other photographs (Date): 10/7/2005  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2006-3171

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Westchester\_  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:40.834 lon: 73.667  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 3 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Unnamed tributary  
Name of watershed: Hudson River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: 2/5/07  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* Wetland adjacent to an unnamed tributary of Hudson River

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2006-3247-WSH

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Washington  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:43.573 lon:-73.431  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.06 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Lake Champlain  
Name of watershed: Lake Champlain

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: 12 Feb 07  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
- (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The project site is located within a navigable waterway named Lake Champlain.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or seum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date): 28 Mar 06  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on:  
 Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

Revised 8/13/04

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN- 2006-3321-EET

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Nassau  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 40.654 lon: 73.154  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.2 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Carman's River  
Name of watershed: South Oyster Bay

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: December 20, 2006  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acres.

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the*

*rationale used to make adjacency determination:*

Placement of fill in wetlands associated with Carman's River, tributary to South Oyster Bay, tidal waterbody

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |  |

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
- Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
- Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
- The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
  - Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
  - Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
  - Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
  - Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
  - Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
  - Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
  - Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
  - Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
  - Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
  - This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
  - This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
- Corps' navigable waters' studies:
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
- U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:
- U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
- U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
- National wetlands inventory maps:
- State/Local wetland inventory maps:
- FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
- 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
- Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
- Other photographs (Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2006-3352

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Kings  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:40-36-24 lon:73-54-33  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Mill Basin  
Name of watershed: Jamaica Bay

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: December 6, 2006  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  there appear to be (or)  there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Mill Basin is tributary to Jamaica Bay which is tidally influenced and navigable.*

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: <u>Applicant's photos &amp; drawings</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |   |

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

- survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
- Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
- Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
- The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
- Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
  - Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
  - Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
  - Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
  - Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
  - Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
  - Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
  - Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
  - Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
  - This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
- Corps' navigable waters' studies:
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
  - USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
  - National wetlands inventory maps:
  - State/Local wetland inventory maps:
  - FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
  - 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
  - Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
  - Other photographs (Date): May 25, 2006
  - Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
  - Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

Revised 8/13/04

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-10-EET

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New Jersey  
County: Middlesex  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 40.5641 lon: 74.564  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: aeres. 100  
Name of nearest waterway: Arthur Kill  
Name of watershed: Arthur Kill

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: February 28, 2007  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 4.0

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:*

Disturbance of coastal wetlands, adjacent to Arthur Kill, a navigable water body.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris         | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |  |

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
- Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
- Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
- The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
  - Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
  - Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
  - Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
  - Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
  - Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
  - Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
  - Prior converted eroplant, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
  - Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
  - Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
  - This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
  - This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
- Corps' navigable waters' studies:
  - U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
  - USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
  - National wetlands inventory maps:
  - State/Local wetland inventory maps:
  - FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
  - 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
  - Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
  - Other photographs (Date):
  - Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-21-WBR

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Clinton  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 44-56-05 lon: 73-22-49  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acre  
Name of nearest waterway: Lake Champlain  
Name of watershed: Lake Champlain

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date:  
Site visit(s)  Date(s): December 28, 2006

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:*

*There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:*

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.*

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The proposed activity would include structure/fill below the ordinary high water elevation of Lake Champlain, a Section 10 waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or seum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation                | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by Ecology and Environment, Inc.  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on: December 28, 2006  
 Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-106-WBR

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Essex  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 44-08-36 lon: 73-25-10  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acre  
Name of nearest waterway: Unnamed tributary/Lake Champlain  
Name of watershed: Lake Champlain

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date:  
Site visit(s)  Date(s): January 24, 2007

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The site consists of an unnamed tributary which drains directly into Lake Champlain, a Section 10 waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation                | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by Ecology and Environment, Inc.  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on: January 24, 2007  
 Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-129-WDE

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Columbia  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 42.1206 lon: -73.7128  
Approximate size of area (pareel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.5 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Taghkanic Creek  
Name of watershed: Claverack Creek

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: January 30, 2007  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The Taghkanic Creek is a tributary to the Claverack Creek. The Claverack Creek discharges into Stockport Creek. The lower 1.3 miles of Stockport Creek, where it discharges into the Hudson River, is a navigable waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank         | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or seum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                 | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil       | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation  | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving  | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:  |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies: Listing for Stockport Creek  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Ancram Quadrangle  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

Revised 8/13/04

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-161-WSH

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Fulton  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 43.10340 lon: -74.18262  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 9 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Great Sacandaga Lake  
Name of watershed: Sacandaga, New York

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: 2-1-07  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The work is being in a historically navigable waterway which flows into the Hudson River which is currently navigable.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  High Tide Line indicated by:

clear, natural line impressed on the bank  oil or scum line along shore objects

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris     | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil      | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving                              | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                |  |

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

- survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
- Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
- Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
- The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
- Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
  - Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
  - Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
  - Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
  - Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
  - Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
  - Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
  - Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
  - Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
- This office concurs with the delineation report, dated \_\_\_\_\_, prepared by (company):
  - This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated \_\_\_\_\_, prepared by (company):
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
- Corps' navigable waters' studies:
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Broadalbin Quad
  - U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
  - U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
  - USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
  - National wetlands inventory maps:
  - State/Local wetland inventory maps: Broadalbin Quad
  - FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
  - 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: \_\_\_\_\_ (NGVD)
  - Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
  - Other photographs (Date):
  - Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
  - Site visit/determination conducted on:
  - Applicable/supporting case law:
  - Other information (please specify):

<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-167-WDE

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Montgomery  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 43.0007446 lon: -74.6839885  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 3 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Zimmerman Creek  
Name of watershed: Mohawk River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date:  
Site visit(s)  Date(s): September 20, 2006

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* Zimmerman Creek discharges into the Mohawk River, just downstream from the project area. The Mohawk River is a navigable waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies: Listing for Mohawk River  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Oppenheim Quadrangle  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date): Contained in FEMA Project Worksheet Report  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  
 Site visit/determination conducted on: September 20, 2006

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify): FEMA Project Worksheet Report

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-192-WDE

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Montgomery  
Center coordinates of sites (latitude/longitude): (1) lat: 42.9950 lon: -74.5818  
(2) lat: 42.9371 lon: -74.1106  
(3) lat: 42.9228 lon: -74.1316  
(4) lat: 42.9285 lon: -74.6599

Approximate size of areas (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acre, combined.  
Name of nearest waterway: (1) Caroga Creek, (2) and (3) Evans Kill, (4) Otsquago Creek  
Name of watershed: Mohawk River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: February 16, 2007  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* Site one contains Caroga Creek. Sites two and three contain the Evas Kill. Site four contains Otsquago Creek and wetlands adjacent to it. Each of these streams discharge directly into the Mohawk River, a navigable waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil          | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Earth Tech Northeast, Inc.

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies: Listing for Mohawk River  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Canajoharie, Pattersonville, Amsterdam and Fort Plain Quads  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:

- State/Local wetland inventory maps:
- FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
- 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
- Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
- Other photographs (Date): May 10, June 6, and November 15, 2006
- Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
- Site visit/determination conducted on:
- Applicable/supporting case law:
- Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-203

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Albany  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat:42.690 lon:-73.928  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.0008 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Normans Kill  
Name of watershed: Hudson River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: 20 Feb 07  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are "navigable waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "waters of the United States"* (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands"* within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The project site consists of a portion of the Normans Kill that is a tributary to the Hudson River, which is a navigable waterway.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date):  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Revised 8/13/04

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)  
**FILE NUMBER:** NAN-2007-219-WSH

**PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:**

State: New York  
County: Fulton  
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat42.482 lon:-73.788  
Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.5 acres.  
Name of nearest waterway: Cranberry Creek  
Name of watershed: Hudson River

**JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION**

**Completed:** Desktop determination  Date: 22 Feb 07  
Site visit(s)  Date(s):

**Jurisdictional Determination (JD):**

Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  *there appear to be* (or)  *there appear to be no* "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  
Check all that apply:

*There are* "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: .

*There are* "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

**BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

**A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":**

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

**B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":**

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above).** *If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document*

*the rationale used to make adjacency determination:* The project site is located within Cranberry Creek, which is a tributary to a navigable waterway named Great Sacandaga Lake.

**Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    | <input type="checkbox"/> High Tide Line indicated by:              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clear, natural line impressed on the bank | <input type="checkbox"/> oil or scum line along shore objects      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the presence of litter and debris                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> changes in the character of soil                     | <input type="checkbox"/> physical markings/characteristics         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> destruction of terrestrial vegetation     | <input type="checkbox"/> tidal gages                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> shelving   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other:   |  |

- Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  
 survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

- Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

**Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:**

- The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  
 Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  
 Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  
 The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  
 Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  
 Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  
 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  
 Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  
 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  
 Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  
 Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  
 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  
 Other (explain):

**DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):**

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  
 This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  
 Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  
 Corps' navigable waters' studies:  
 U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  
 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  
 National wetlands inventory maps:  
 State/Local wetland inventory maps:  
 FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  
 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  
 Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  
 Other photographs (Date): 28 Mar 06  
 Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

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<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.